



**USER'S GUIDE**  
**Programmable DC Power Supply**  
**Model EA-PSI 6000 Series**

The Front Panel at a Glance .....	5
Function keys description .....	5
Menu description .....	6
Display annunciators .....	6
The Rear Panel at a Glance .....	7
Chapter 1 Quick Start .....	8
1.1 Preliminary Checkout .....	8
1.2 Output Checkout .....	8
1.2.1 Voltage Output Checkout .....	9
1.2.2 Current Output Checkout .....	9
1.3 If the Power Supply Does Not Turn On .....	9
1.4 To Adjust the Carrying Handle .....	10
1.5 To Rack Mount the Instrument .....	10
Chapter 2 Specifications .....	12
2.1 Specifications .....	12
2.2 Supplemental Characteristics .....	14
Chapter 3 Front-panel Operation .....	15
3.1 Front-panel Operation Overview .....	15
3.2 Constant Voltage Operation .....	15
3.3 Constant Current Operation .....	16
3.4 Saving and Recalling Operation .....	16
3.5 Menu Operation .....	16
Chapter 4 Remote Operation Mode .....	18
4.1 Communication Cable .....	18
4.2 Communication setting .....	20
4.3 Frame format .....	20
4.4 Communication protocol .....	21

# Quick Reference

## General information

The following safety precautions should be observed before using this product and any associated instrumentations. Although some instruments and accessories would be used with non-hazardous voltages, there are situations where hazardous conditions may be present.

This product is intended for use by qualified personnel who recognize shock hazards and are familiar with the safety precautions required to avoid possible injury. Read and follow all installation, operation, and maintenance information carefully before using the product. Refer to this manual for complete product specifications.

If the product is used in a manner not specified, the protection provided by the product may be impaired.

Before performing any maintenance, disconnect the line cord and all test cables.

## Protection from electric shock

Operators of this instrument must be protected from electric shock at all times. The responsible body must ensure that operators are prevented access and/or insulated from every connection point. In some cases, connections must be exposed to potential human contact. Product operators in these circumstances must be trained to protect themselves from the risk of electric shock. If the circuit is capable of operating at or above 1000 volts, no conductive part of the circuit may be exposed.

## Definition of users

Responsible body is the individual or group responsible for the use and maintenance of equipment is operated within its specifications and operating limits, and for ensuring that operators are adequately trained.

Operators use the product for its intended function. They must be trained in electrical safety procedures and proper use of the instrument. They must be protected from electric shock and contact with hazardous live circuits.

Service is only to be performed by qualified service personnel.

We do not accept responsibility for any direct or indirect financial damage or loss of profit that might occur when using the electronic load.

## About your safety

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. EA assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

## Safety symbols and terms



Connect it to safety earth ground using the wire recommended in the user manual.



The symbol on an instrument indicates that the user should refer to the operating instructions located in the manual.



High voltage danger

# Certification and Warranty

## Certification

We certify that this product met its published specifications at time of shipment from the factory.

## Warranty

This instrument product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of delivery. During the warranty period we will, at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective. For warranty service, with the exception of warranty options, this product must be returned to a service facility designated by us. Customer shall prepay shipping charges by (and shall pay all duty and taxes) for products returned to the supplier for warranty service. Except for products returned to customer from another country, supplier shall pay for return of products to customer.

## Limitation of Warranty

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by the Customer, Customer-supplied software or interfacing, unauthorized modification or misuse, operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product, or improper site preparation and maintenance.

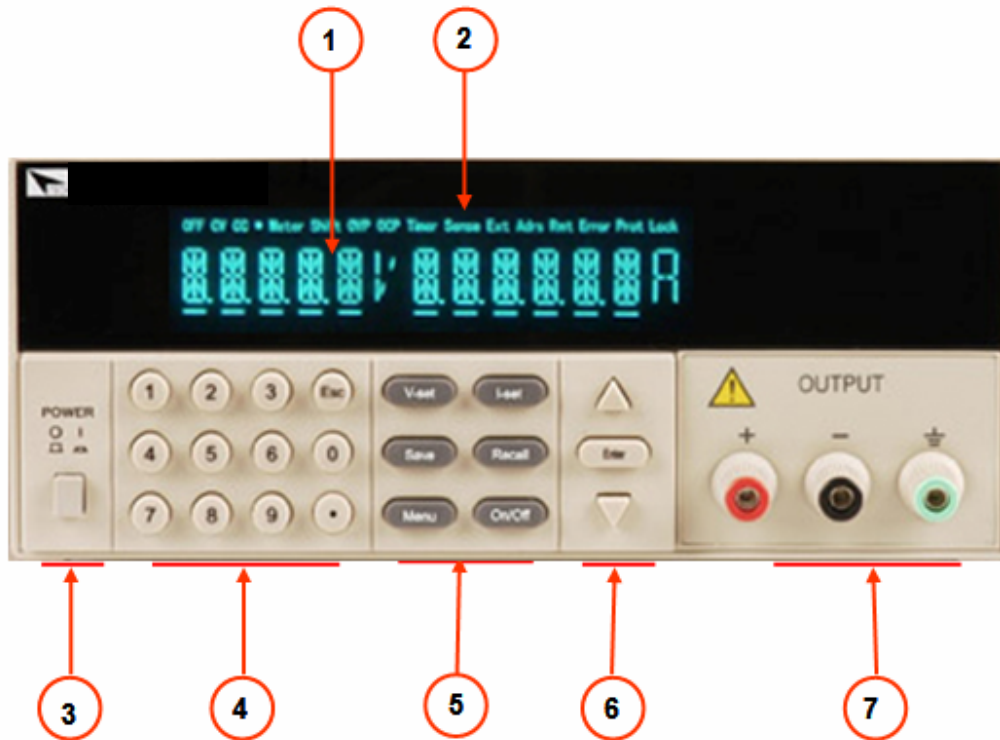
## Introduction

EA-PSI 6000 series power supplies are high performance single-output programmable DC power supplies with communication interface. The combination of bench-top and system features in these power supplies provides versatile solutions for your design and test requirements.

Convenient bench-top features:

- Nice appearance, small-size and light weight
- VFD display
- Convenient leaning numeric keypad
- Adjustable & constant voltage outputs
- Adjustable & constant current outputs
- Output on/off
- High accuracy and high resolution
- Excellent load and line regulation
- Low ripple and noise
- Limit voltage protection
- Over current/temperature protection
- Sixteen operating states storage
- Optional communication cable
- Software calibration
- Free software for control
- May be used in series or parallel modes with additional power supplies

# The Front Panel at a Glance



- ① 10 digits VFD display
- ② Status information for operating mode and working status
- ③ Power switch
- ④ Number keys
- ⑤ Function keys
- ⑥ UP、DOWN and ENTER key
- ⑦ Output terminals

## Function keys description

V-set	Set the output voltage value
I-set	Set the current value
Save	Save the present settings to a specified register location(1~16)
Recall	Recall a saved settings from location "1"through "16"
Menu	Menu function to set related parameters of the power supply
On/Off	Output ON/OFF, to enable/disable the output

## Menu description

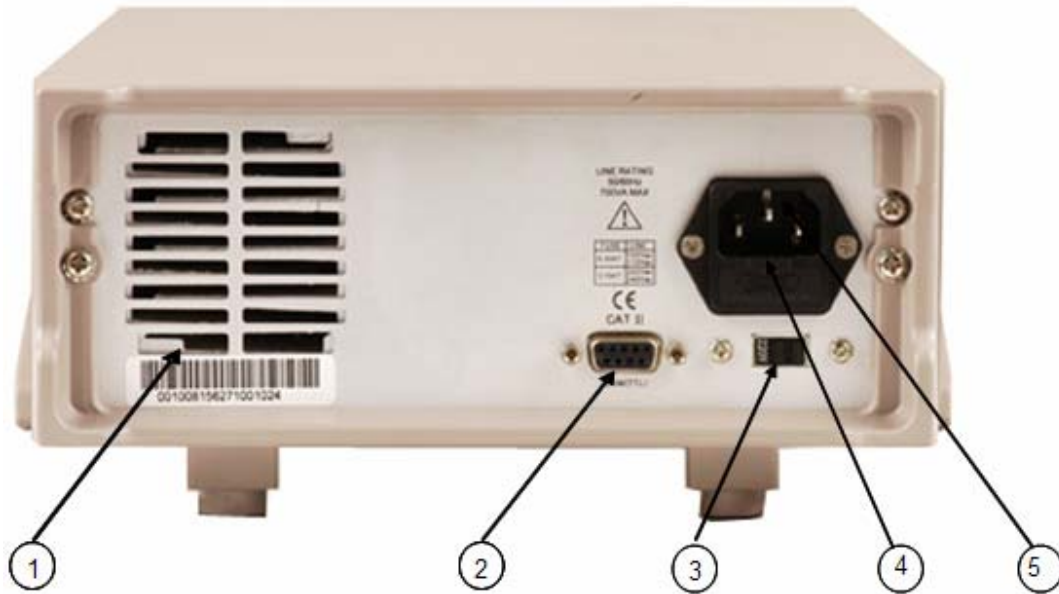
Menu		
▼	> <b>MAX VOLT</b>	Set the maximum output voltage value
▼	> <b>INIT OUT</b>	Initiate the output state to ON or not
▼	> <b>INIT VOL</b>	Initiate the output voltage to 0 volt or not
▼	> <b>KEY SOUN</b>	Switch On/Off the buzzer sound when you press any key
▼	> <b>BAUDRATE</b>	Set the communication baud rate
▼	> <b>ADDRESS</b>	Set the communication address
▼	> <b>KEY LOCK</b>	Set the password for function keys
▼	> <b>EXIT</b>	Exit

## Display annunciators



<b>OFF</b>	The power supply's output is off	<b>Timer</b>	Not used
<b>CV</b>	Constant voltage mode	<b>Sense</b>	Not used
<b>CC</b>	Constant current mode	<b>Ext</b>	Not used
<b>*</b>	Not used	<b>Adrs</b>	The instrument is communicating with an EA-E131/EA-E132/EA-E133
<b>Meter</b>	Meter mode	<b>Rmt</b>	The instrument is in remote state. The only active key is the Local KEY.
<b>Shift</b>	Not used	<b>Error</b>	The instrument has error
<b>OVP</b>	Over voltage protect state	<b>Prot</b>	Not used
<b>OCP</b>	Over current protect state	<b>Lock</b>	The keyboard is locked by a password

## The Rear Panel at a Glance



- ① Cooling window
- ② DB9 interface connector
- ③ 110V/220V selector
- ④ Fuse
- ⑤ Power socket

# Chapter 1 Quick Start

One of the first things you will want to do with your power supply is to become acquainted with the front panel. The exercises in this chapter prepare the power supply for use and help you get familiar with some of its front-panel operations.

This chapter is intended for both the experienced and the inexperienced user because it calls attention to certain checks that should be made prior to operation.

## 1.1 Preliminary Checkout

The following steps help you verify that the power supply is ready for use.

### 1. Check the list of supplied items.

Verify that you have received the following items with your power supply. If anything is missing, contact your nearest Sales Office.

- One power cord for your location
- This User's Manual.
- Calibration Report
- CD-Rom
- Communication cable (optional)

### 2. Connect the power cord and turn on the power supply.

When you turn on the power supply, the front-panel display will light up briefly while the power supply performs its power-on self-test. All the VFD annunciators will light up at once. To review the display with all annunciators, you can check if there is any stroke loss on any annunciator. If there isn't any response when you power on the power supply, please see Section 1.5 on page 10 for some service information.

If the EEPROM was damaged or the latest operation data in EEPROM was lost, the VFD will display as follows:

***ERR EEPROM***

If the calibration data in EEPROM was lost, the VFD will display as follows:

***ERROR CAL***



**Warning:** The power supply is shipped from the factory with a power-line cord that has a plug appropriate for your location. Your power supply is equipped with a 3-wire grounding type power cord; the third conductor being the ground. The power supply is grounded only when the power-line cord is plugged into an appropriate receptacle. Do not operate your power supply without adequate cabinet ground connection.

---

## 1.2 Output Checkout

The following procedures check to ensure that the power supply develops its rated outputs and properly responds to operation from the front panel.

## 1.2.1 Voltage Output Checkout

The following steps verify basic voltage functions without load.

1. Turn on the power supply.
2. Enable the outputs.

Press **On/Off** key to let the ON annunciator and the CV annunciator turn on to light.

Notice: if the voltage value flash, then the power supply is in Set mode, "Set mode" means that the VFD display shows the setting output voltage and current. Or the power supply is in Meter mode, "Meter mode" means that the VFD display shows the actual output voltage and current.

3. Check that the front-panel voltmeter properly responds to number keys

Set some different voltage values, then wait till the Meter mode to check if the VFD displayed voltage value is the same as the set voltage value, and to check if the VFD displayed current value is nearly zero.

4. Ensure that the voltage can be adjusted from zero to the full rated value.

## 1.2.2 Current Output Checkout

The following steps check basic current functions with a short across the power supply's output.

1. Turn on the power supply.
2. Disable the output

Press **On/Off** key to ensure that the output is disabled. The ON annunciator is turned off.

3. Connect a short across (+) and (-) output terminals with an insulated test lead.

Use a wire size sufficient to handle the maximum current.



**Warning:** To satisfy safety requirements, load wires must be heavy enough not to overheat when carrying the maximum short-circuit output current of the power supply. If there is more than one load, then any pair of load wires must be capable of safely carrying the full-rated current of the power supply.

---

4. Enable the output.

Press **On/Off** key to ensure that the output is enabled. The ON annunciator is turned on.

5. Adjust the voltage value to 1.0 volt.

Adjust the voltage to 1.0 volt to ensure the power supply is in CC operation mode. The CC annunciator will turn on.

6. Adjust the current value.

Set some different voltage values, then wait till the Meter mode to check if the VFD displayed current value is the same as the set voltage value, and to check if the VFD displayed voltage value is nearly zero.

7. Ensure that the current can be adjusted from zero to the full rated value.

8. Turn off the power supply and remove the short wire from the output terminals.

## 1.3 If the Power Supply Does Not Turn On

Use the following steps to help solve problems you might encounter when turning on the instrument. If you need more help, refer to chapter 6 for instructions on returning the instrument to the supplier for service.

1. Verify that there is AC power to the power supply.

First, verify that the power cord is firmly plugged into the power receptacle on the rear panel of the power supply. You should also make sure that the power source you plugged the power supply into is energized. Then, verify that the power supply is turned on.

**2. Verify the power-line voltage setting.**

The line voltage is set to the proper value for your country (110VAC or 220VAC) when the power supply is shipped from the factory. Change the voltage setting if it's not correct.

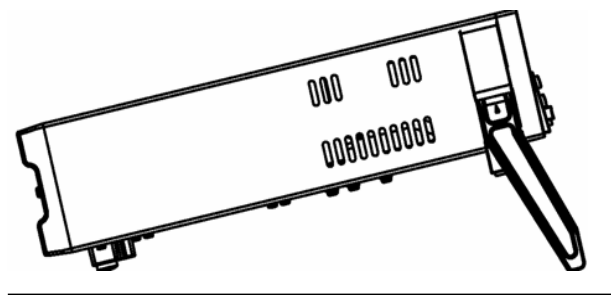
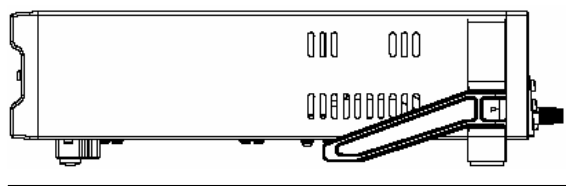
**3. Verify that the correct power-line fuse is installed.**

If the fuse was damaged, please see the table below to replace the fuse for your power supply.

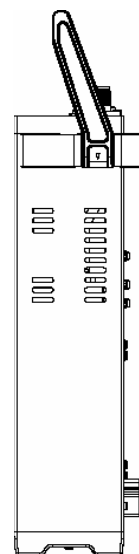
Model	Fuse Description
EA-PSI 6018-05 EA-PSI 6032-03 EA-PSI 6072-02	Fuse 2.5A T 250V for 220VAC Fuse 5A T 250V for 110VAC
EA-PSI 6018-10 EA-PSI 6032-06 EA-PSI 6072-03 EA-PSI 6150-01	Fuse 3.15A T250V for 220VAC Fuse 6.5A T250V for 110VAC

**1.4 To Adjust the Carrying Handle**

To adjust the position, grasp the handle by the sides and pull outward. Then, rotate the handle to the desired position.



Bench-top viewing positions

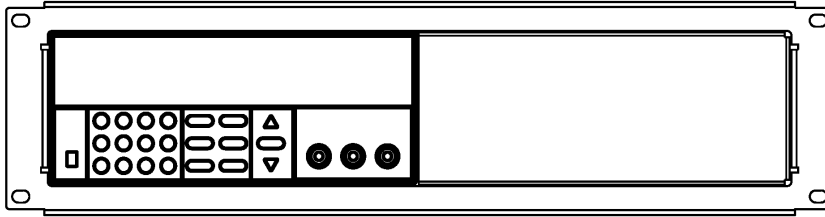


Carrying position

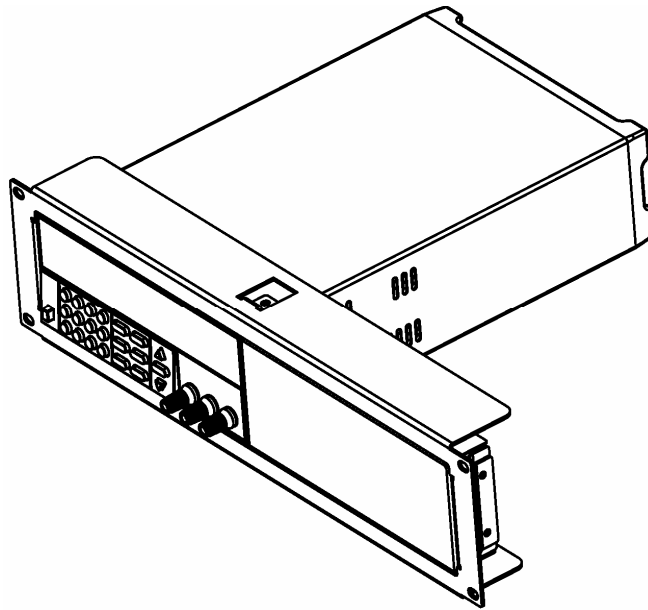
**1.5 To Rack Mount the Instrument**

You can mount the power supply in a standard 19-inch rack cabinet using the EA-E151 rack mount kit.

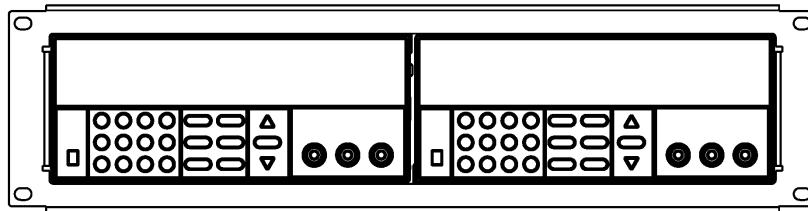
**Note:** Remove the carrying handle and the two plastic ears before rack-mounting the instrument. To remove the handle, grasp the handle by sides and pull outwards and rotate it to a special position to let the arrow on the handle and the arrow on the plastic ears be in opposite directions, then pull the handle outward. After removing the handle, you can use a screwdriver to remove the two plastic ears.



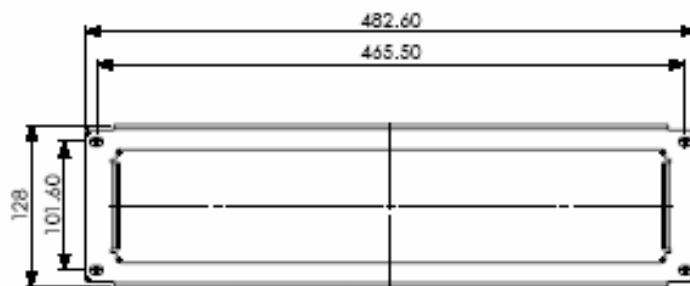
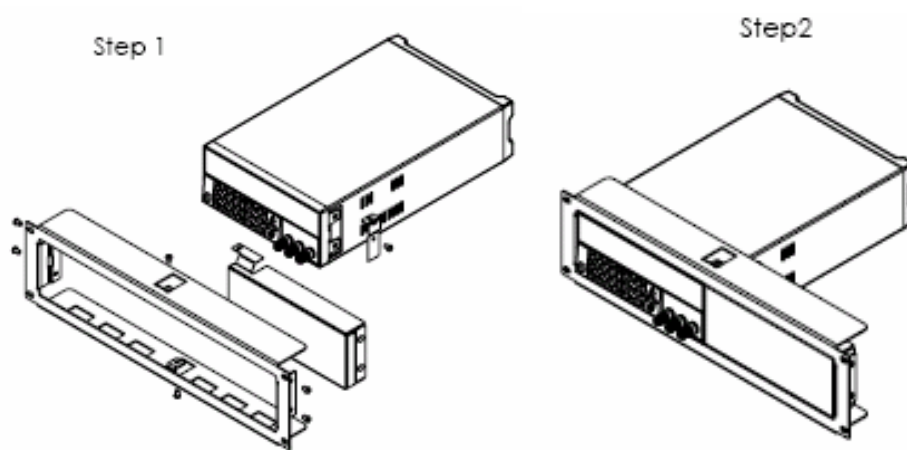
To rack mount a single instrument, order rack mount kit EA-E151



Side view of rack mounting a single instrument



To rack mount two instruments side-by-side, order rack mount kit EA-E151, you needn't to use the front cover panel.



Dimension

unit (mm)

## Chapter 2 Specifications

### 2.1 Specifications

Parameter		EA-PSI 6018-05	EA-PSI 6032-03	EA-PSI 6072-02
Output Rating (0 °C - 40 °C)	Voltage	0 ~ 18V	0 ~ 32V	0 ~ 72V
	Current	0 ~ 5A	0 ~ 3A	0 ~ 1.5A
	LVP	0 ~ 19V	0 ~ 33V	0 ~ 73V
Load Regulation	Voltage	(rated current≤3A) < 0.01%+3mV		
	Voltage	(rated current≤10A) < 0.02%+5mV		
	Current	< 0.01%+3mA		
Line Regulation	Voltage	< 0.01%+3mV		
	Current	< 0.1%+2mA		
Programming Resolution	Voltage	10mV		
	Current	10mA		
Readback Resolution	Voltage	10mV(<20V); 100mV(>20V)		

	Current	10mA	
<b>Programming Accuracy</b> (25 °C ± 5 °C)	Voltage	≤0.05%+10mV	≤0.05%+15mV
	Current	0.2%+10mA	
<b>Readback Accuracy</b> (25 °C ± 5 °C)	Voltage	≤0.05%+15mV (< 20V)	≤0.05%+20mV (< 20V)
		≤0.05%+120mV (≥20V)	≤0.05%+20mV (≥20V)
	Current	< 0.1%+15mA	
<b>Ripple</b> (20Hz~20MHz)	Voltage	≤0.5mVrms/3mVp-p	≤0.5mVrms/4mVp-p
	Current	5mA <sub>rms</sub>	
<b>Temperature Coefficient</b> (0 °C ~ 40 °C)	Voltage	< 0.02%+5mV	
	Current	< 0.1%+5mA	
<b>Readback Temperature Coefficient</b>	Voltage	< 0.02%+10mV (< 20V), < 0.02%+100mV(≥20V)	
	Current	< 0.1%+15mA	

Parameter		EA-PSI 6018-10	EA-PSI 6032-06	EA-PSI 6072-03	EA-PSI 6150-01
<b>Output Rating</b> ( 0 °C - 40 °C)	Voltage	0~18V	0~32V	0~72V	0~150v
	Current	0~10A	0~6A	0~3A	0~1.2A
	LVP	0~19V	0~33V	0~73A	0~151V
<b>Load Regulation</b>	Voltage	(rated current≤3A) < 0.01%+3mV			
		(rated current≤10A) < 0.02%+5mV			
	Current	< 0.01%+3mA			
<b>Line Regulation</b>	Voltage	< 0.01%+3mV			
	Current	< 0.1%+2mA			
<b>Programming Resolution</b>	Voltage	10mV			
	Current	10mA			
<b>Readback Resolution</b>	Voltage	10mV(<20V); 100mV(>20V)			
	Current	10mA			
<b>Programming Accuracy</b> (25 °C ± 5 °C)	Voltage	≤0.05%+10mV	≤0.05%+15mV	≤0.1%+38mV	
	Current	0.2%+10mA			
<b>Readback Accuracy</b> (25 °C ± 5 °C)	Voltage	≤0.05%+15mV (< 20V)	≤0.05%+20mV (< 20V)	≤0.1%+38mV (< 20V)	
		≤0.05%+120mV (≥20V)	≤0.05%+120mV (≥20V)	≤0.1%+120mV (≥20V)	
	Current	< 0.1%+15mA			
<b>Ripple</b> (20Hz~20MHz)	Voltage	≤0.5mVrms/3mVp-p,	≤0.5mVrms/4mVp-p	≤0.6mVrms/7mVp-p	
	Current	5mA <sub>rms</sub>			
<b>Temperature Coefficient</b> (0 °C ~ 40 °C)	Voltage	< 0.02%+5mV			
	Current	< 0.1%+5mA			
<b>Readback Temperature Coefficient</b>	Voltage	< 0.02%+10mV (< 20V), < 0.02%+100mV(≥20V)			
	Current	< 0.1%+15mA			

## 2.2 Supplemental Characteristics

### State Storage Memory

Sixteen (16) user-configurable stored states

### Recommended Calibration Interval

1 year

### AC Input Ratings (selectable via switch on the rear panel)

Option OP1: 220VAC  $\pm$  10%, 47 to 63 Hz

Option OP2: 110 VAC  $\pm$  10%, 47 to 63 Hz

### Cooling

Fan cooled

### Operating Temperature

0 to 40 °C for full rated output

### Storage Temperature

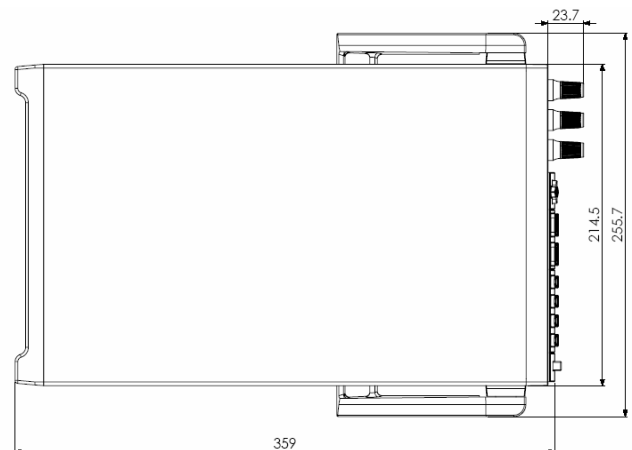
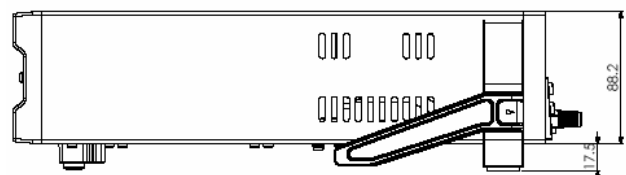
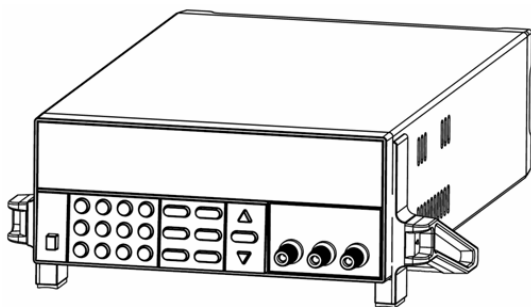
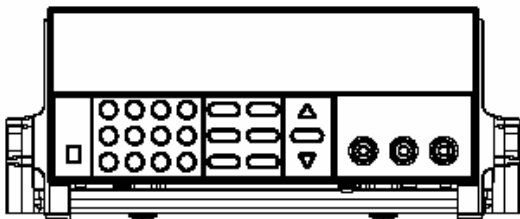
-20 to 70 °C for storage environment.

### Environmental Conditions

Designed for indoor use in an installation category II, pollution degree 2 environment. Designed to operate at maximum relative humidity of 95% and at altitudes of up to 2000 meters.

### Dimensions\*

255.7mmW x 105.7mmH x 382.7mmD



(Unit: mm)

# Chapter 3 Front-panel Operation

So far you have learned how to install your power supply and do quick start. During the quick start, you were briefly introduced to operating from the front panel as you learned how to check basic voltage and current functions. This chapter describes in detail the use of the front-panel keys and shows how they are used to accomplish power supply operation.

This chapter is divided into the following sections:

- Front-Panel Operation Overview, on page 14
- Constant Voltage Operation, on page 15
- Constant Current Operation, on page 15
- Storing and Recalling Operating States, on page 15
- MENU operation, starting on page 16

## 3.1 Front-panel Operation Overview

The following section describes an overview of the front-panel keys before operating your power supply.

1. The power supply is shipped from the factory configured in the front-panel operation mode. At power-on, the power supply is automatically set to operate in the front-panel operation mode. When in this mode, the front panel keys can be used.
2. When the power supply is in remote operation mode, you cannot use the front-panel. A change between front-panel and remote operation modes will not result in any change in the output parameters. You can change the front-panel and remote operation modes by computer.
3. The power supply is in *Meter* mode when it is powered on, and the VFD will display the actual voltage and current output value. And in this mode, if any non-functional key is pressed, the power supply will be changed to *Set* mode, and the VFD will display the adjusted voltage and current value. In *Set* mode, the set voltage value will flash, you can press ▲ and ▼ keys to adjust the voltage value. In *Set* mode, the power supply will turn back to *Meter* mode if there is no any key is pressed for 3 seconds.
4. The output of the power supply can be enabled or disabled from the front panel by pressing **On/Off** key. When the output is on, the ON annunciator will turn on.
5. The VFD display shows the present operating status of the power supply with annunciators. For example, the power supply is operating in CV mode, and then the CV annunciator will turn on. If, the power supply is remotely controlled, the Rmt annunciator will also turn on, See “Display Annunciators”.

## 3.2 Constant Voltage Operation

The constant voltage range is from 0V to the maximum voltage value of each model. It is very easy for you to set the constant voltage output. You have 2 solutions to set the constant voltage value.

Solution 1:

- Step1. Power on the EA-PSI 6000 series instrument
- Step2. Press the ▲ and ▼ keys to change the value

Solution 2:

- Step1. Power on the EA-PSI 6000 instrument
- Step2. Press **V-Set** key.
- Step3. Use the numeric keys **0** to **9** or ▲ and ▼ keys to change the voltage value.
- Step4. Press **Enter** to confirm the value

### 3.3 Constant Current Operation

The constant current output range is from 0A to the maximum current value of each type. It is very easy for you to set the constant current output.

Step1. Power on the EA-PSI 6000 series instrument

Step2. Press **I-Set** key

Step3. Use the numeric keys **0** to **9** or use **▲** and **▼** keys to change the current value

Step4. Press **Enter** key to confirm the value

### 3.4 Saving and Recalling Operation

You can store up to 16 different output states in storage register locations (1 to 16). Each output state includes Constant voltage value, Constant current value and Maximum output voltage value. When shipped from factory, storage locations “1” through “16” are empty. You can recall the saved settings by Recall function.

Step1. After you setting an output state (CV value, CC value and Maximum voltage), press **Save** key.

Step2. Use the numeric keys **0** to **9** or **▲** and **▼** keys to select the memory location (the range is 1 to 16) which you want to store in.

Step3. Press **Enter** to confirm the memory location.

Step4. Press **Recall** key.

Step5. Use numeric keys **0** to **9** or **▲** and **▼** keys to select the states which you want to recall.

Step6. Press **Enter** key to confirm. Then the saved settings will come on.

---

**Note:** 1. If the function keys were locked by password, you need to enter the correct password after you press function keys (V-set, I-set, Save, Recall and Menu), then you can do the settings.

2. If you want to cancel a function operation (V-set, I-set, Save, Recall or Menu), just press **Esc** key to exit.

---

### 3.5 Menu Operation

#### ■ Set Maximum voltage(>MAX VOLT)

Please be well known that the Max voltage value should be in the range of each type of PSI6000 series Power supply.

Step1. Press **Menu** key.

Step2. Select >MAX VOLT by using **▲** and **▼** key.

Step3. Press **Enter** key.

Step4. Change the voltage value by using numeric keys **0** to **9** or ▲ and ▼ key.

Step5. Press **Enter** key.

---

**Note:** After you setting the maximum voltage value, the output voltage setup should be in the range from 0 volt to maximum voltage. The default maximum voltage is the full voltage range of its model.

---

■ **Initiating the Output state(>INIT OUT)**

This instruction can initiate the output state when the power supply is powered on. If you select ON, the power supply will initiate the output to OFF state when the power supply is powered on. If you select OFF, the output will remain the same state as last time you turned off the power supply

---

**Note:** Default selection is ON and the output state is always OFF state.

---

■ **Initiating the Output Voltage (>INIT VOLT)**

This instruction can set the initial output voltage. If you select ON, the power supply will initiate the output voltage to 0Volt when the power supply is powered on. If you select OFF, the output voltage will remain as the same volts as the last time you turned off the power supply

---

**Note:** Default setting is ON and the output voltage is 0 volt.

---

■ **Setting the Key Sound(>KEY SOUND)**

This instruction can switch on/off the buzzing sound when you press any key, If you select ON, the buzzer will sound when any key was pressed. If you select OFF, the buzzer will not sound when the keys were pressed.

---

**Note:** Default setting is ON; the buzzer will sound when you press any key.

---

■ **Setting the Baud Rate(>BAUDRATE)**

This instruction can change the communication baud rate for the power supply, the baud rate range is 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400. Before the communication, you must make sure that there is same baud rate between the power supply and the computer.

---

**Note:** Default baud rate is 4800.

---

### ■ Setting Address (>ADDRESS)

This instruction can set the communication address for each power supply. The address range is from 0 to 254. Before the communication, you must make sure that there is same address between the power supply and the computer.

---

**Note:** Default address is 0. When the power supply receives a frame instruction from computer, the LINK indicator will light on; it means that the power supply started to communicate with computer. If the power supply hasn't received the signal from computer for 3 seconds, the LINK indicator will be turned off and it means that the power supply can not communicate with computer.

---

### ■ Setting password for function keys(>KEY LOCK)

This instruction can set a password (1 through 4 digits) to lock the function keys operation. After setting the password, all the function keys on the front panel will be locked except the **OUT on/off** key. You must enter the correct password to unlock them, then you can continue to do the function key operation. If you don't want to lock the function keys, please don't press any number key when you enter the >KEY LOCK instruction, just press **ENTER** key to unlock it.

---

**Note:** When shipped from factory, there is no password and function keys are unlocked. The start bit of your desired password shouldn't be 0.

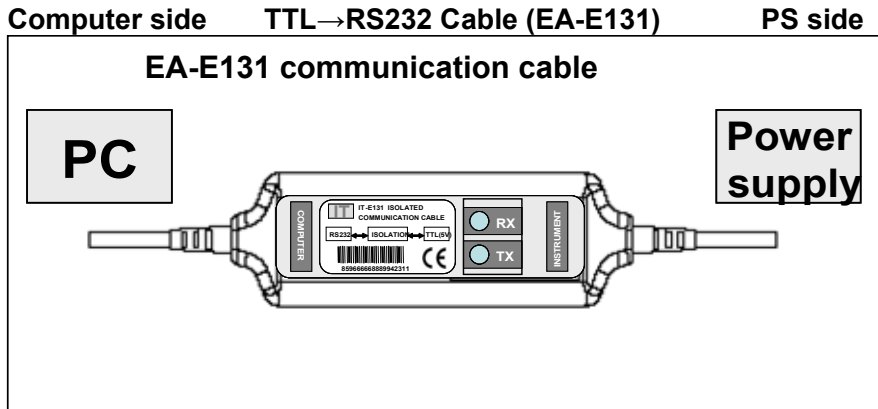
---

## Chapter 4 Remote Operation Mode

The DB9 interface connector on the rear panel of the power supply can be transferred to RS-232 interface, the following information will tell you how to use the computer to control the output of the power supply.

### 4.1 Communication Cable EA-E131 Communication cable

The DB9 interface connector on the rear panel of power supply is TTL voltage level; you can use the communication cable (EA-E131) to connect the DB9 interface connector of the power supply and the RS-232 interface connector of computer for the communication.



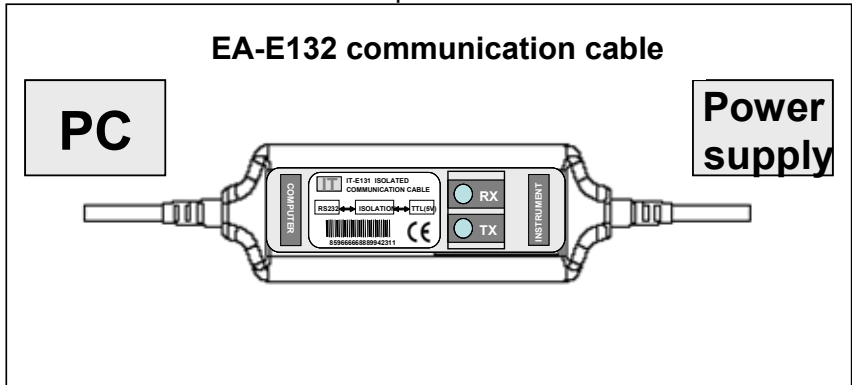

---

**Note:** It will not work if you connect the DB9 interface connector of the power supply to the RS232 interface connector of computer directly by a standard RS232 cable. Please use communication cable to connect them.

---

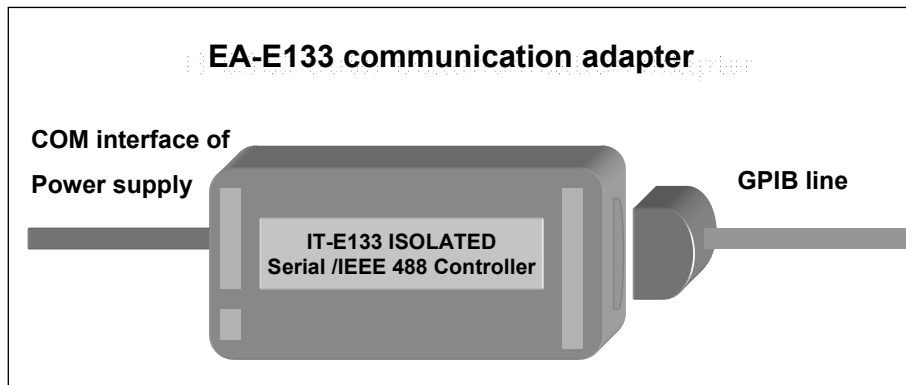
### EA-E132 USB Communication cable

The DB9 interface connector on the rear panel of power supply is TTL voltage level; you can use the communication cable (EA-E132) to connect the DB9 interface connector of the power supply and the USB interface connector of computer for the communication.



### EA-E133 GPIB Communication Cable

The DB9 interface connector on the rear panel of power supply is TTL voltage level; you can use the GPIB communication cable (EA-E133) to connect the DB9 interface connector of the power supply, and then connect the GPIB interface of the EA-E133 and computer with GPIB/IEEE 488 line for the communication.



## 4.2 Communication setting

Before using the remote operation mode, please make sure that the baud rate and communication address in power supply are the same as in the computer software, otherwise, the communication will fail, you can change the baud rate and communication address from the front panel or from computer.

1. Address: the range is from 0 to 254, default setting is 0
2. Baud rate: 4800,9600,19200 and 38400 are selectable, default setting is 4800
3. Data bit: 8 bit
4. Stop bit: 1
5. Parity: None

PARITY = NONE	Start Bit	8 Data Bits	Stop Bit
---------------	-----------	-------------	----------

## 4.3 Frame format

Frame length is 26 bytes, the format is as follows:

Start	Address	Command	4-25 bytes are information content	Check sum
-------	---------	---------	------------------------------------	-----------

### Description:

1. Start byte is 0xAA, occupies a byte.
2. Address range is 0x00 to 0xFE, occupies a byte.
3. Command occupies a byte.
  - a. 0x20----Setting the remote control mode
  - b. 0x21----Setting the output ON/OFF state
  - c. 0x22----Setting the maximum output voltage
  - d. 0x23----Setting the output voltage
  - e. 0x24----Setting the output current
  - f. 0x25----Setting the communication address
  - g. 0x26----Reading the present current/voltage, maximum voltage, setup voltage/current and operation state of the power supply.
  - h. 0x31----Reading product's model number, series number and version information.
  - i. 0x37----Enable the local key.
  - j. 0x12---- The return information of command operation in power supply.

---

**Note:** You must change the power supply to remote control mode firstly, then you can control the power supply output by computer. The command for remote control is 0x20.

If you want to calibrate the power supply, set the calibration information or want to set the product serial number, you must set the calibration protection mode to OFF state firstly, the command for calibration protection is 0x27.

When the power supply is in calibration mode, it is not allowed to change the output

---

4. 4<sup>th</sup> to 25<sup>th</sup> bytes are information content
5. 26<sup>th</sup> byte is check sum, the sum of the previous 25 bytes. The value of the check sum is the lowest byte of the sum, means only the low byte of the sum is used.

## 4.4 Communication protocol

### 1. Setting the remote control mode (0x20)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command(0x20)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	Operation mode("0" represent the front panel operation mode, "1" represent the remote operation mode)
5 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

### 2. Setting the output state ON/OFF (0x21)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x21)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	Output state(0 is OFF, 1 is ON)
5 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

### 3. Setting the maximum output voltage (0x22)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x22)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lowest byte of voltage upper limit
5 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lower byte of voltage upper limit
6 <sup>th</sup> byte	The higher byte of voltage upper limit
7 <sup>th</sup> byte	The highest byte of voltage upper limit
8 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

---

**Note:** We use 4 bytes of Hex number to represent a maximum voltage value. For example the maximum voltage is 16.000V, and the hex code of 16.000 is 0x00003E80, so the 4<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x80, 5<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x3E, 6<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x00, 7<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x00.

---

#### 4. Setting the output voltage (0x23)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command(0x23)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lowest byte of output voltage value
5 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lower byte of output voltage value
6 <sup>th</sup> byte	The higher byte of output voltage value
7 <sup>th</sup> byte	The highest byte of output voltage value
8 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

**Note:** We use 4 bytes of Hex number to represent an output voltage value. For example the output voltage value is 16.000V and the hex code of 16.000 is 0x00003E80, so the 4<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x80, 5<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x3E, 6<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x00, 7<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x00.

#### 5. Setting the output current (0x24)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address (0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x24)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	To set the low byte of current value
5 <sup>th</sup> byte	To set the high byte of current value
6 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

**Note:** We use 2 bytes of Hex number to represent an output current value. For example the output current value is 1.000A, the hex code of 1.000 is 0x03E8, so the 4<sup>th</sup> byte is 0xE8, 5<sup>th</sup> byte is 0x03.

#### 6. Setting the communication address (0x25)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	The current address of power supply(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command(0x25)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	The new address
5 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

#### 7. Reading the present current/voltage, maximum voltage, setup voltage/current and the states of power supply. (0x26)

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address(0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x26)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	The low byte of present output current value
5 <sup>th</sup> byte	The high byte of present output current value
6 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lowest byte of present output voltage value
7 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lower byte of present output voltage
8 <sup>th</sup> byte	The higher byte of present output voltage

9 <sup>th</sup> byte	The highest byte of present output voltage
10 <sup>th</sup> byte	Power supply's state
11 <sup>th</sup> byte	To set the low byte of current value
12 <sup>th</sup> byte	To set the high byte of current value
13 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lowest byte of the maximum voltage value
14 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lower byte of the maximum voltage value
15 <sup>th</sup> byte	The higher byte of the maximum voltage value
16 <sup>th</sup> byte	The highest byte of the maximum voltage value
17 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lowest byte of output voltage value
18 <sup>th</sup> byte	The lower byte of output voltage value
19 <sup>th</sup> byte	The higher byte of output voltage value
20 <sup>th</sup> byte	The highest byte of output voltage value
21 <sup>st</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

**Note:**

1. We use 4 bytes to represent the maximum voltage value as follows:

Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte1	Byte0
--------	--------	-------	-------

2. We use 1 byte to represent power supply's state. Each bit is defined as follows:

From higher bit to lower bit

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0 bit: The output state, 0 is OFF, 1 is ON.

1 bit: Over heat protection, 0 is normal, 1 is abnormal.

2、3 bit: The output mode, 1 is CV mode, 2 is CC mode, 3 is Unreg mode.

4、5、6 bit: The fan speed, 0 is stop, 5 is the maximum fan speed.

7 bit: Operation state, 0 is front panel operation mode, 1 is remote control mode.

3. The frame format is the same as above

**8. Reading product's model, series number and version information (0x31)**

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start bit byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address (0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x31)
4 <sup>th</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> byte	Product model(ASCII code)
9 <sup>th</sup> byte	Lower byte of the software version
10 <sup>th</sup> byte	Higher byte of the software version
11 <sup>th</sup> to 20 <sup>th</sup> byte	Serial number(ASCII code)
21 <sup>st</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

**Note:** For example, the serial number is 000045, the product model is 6811, and software version is V2.03, then the returned data is as follows:

AA	00	31	36	38	31	31	00	03	02	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	ZZ	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	57
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Here is the corresponding model number table:

EA model number	model number
EA-PSI 6018-05	6821
EA-PSI 6032-03	6822
EA-PSI 6072-02	6823
EA-PSI 6018-10	6831
EA-PSI 6032-06	6832
EA-PSI 6072-03	6833
EA-PSI 6150-01	6834

**9. Enable the local key (0x37)**

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address (0x00-0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command (0x37)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	Enable/disable local key (0 is disable, 1 is enable)
5 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum code

---

**Note:** The local keys on the front panel are not allowed to use when the power supply is in remote mode. If the local key was enabled, user can press the numeric key 7 to change the remote mode to front panel operation mode and all local keys will work.

---

**10. The return information of command operation in power supply (0x12)**

1 <sup>st</sup> byte	Start byte (0xAA)
2 <sup>nd</sup> byte	Address (0x00~0xFE)
3 <sup>rd</sup> byte	Command(0x12)
4 <sup>th</sup> byte	Command checkout result
5 <sup>th</sup> to 25 <sup>th</sup> byte	System reserve
26 <sup>th</sup> byte	Check sum

---

**Note:** When the power supply receives a frame command, it will check the frame command, if the check sum is incorrect, then it will return 0x90, if there is any error on setting parameter or over parameter, then it will return 0xA0, if the command wasn't executed, then it will return 0xB0, if the command isn't effective, then it will return 0xC0. Or otherwise, it will return 0x80.

---